



This is an official **DPH Health Advisory**

SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

On July 1, 2024, the S.C. Department of Health & Environmental Control (DHEC) became two separate agencies: S.C. Department of Environmental Services (SCDES) and S.C. Department of Public Health (DPH).

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Reports of *Paraburkholderia fungorum* Associated with Non-sterile Ultrasound Gel — Multiple States, 2024–2025

Summary

The CDC is assisting with an ongoing multistate investigation involving the use of non-sterile ultrasound gel for ultrasound-guided percutaneous procedures (procedures that involve puncturing the skin).

As of May 8, 2025, the CDC is aware of 40 isolates of *Paraburkholderia fungorum* (an environmental bacterium formerly known as *Burkholderia fungorum*) primarily isolated from patient blood cultures. These isolates are linked by whole-genome sequencing and are from patients in four states within the U.S. and two other countries. Product testing has isolated *P. fungorum* from two non-sterile ultrasound gel products, MediChoice[®] and ClearImage[®], both manufactured by NEXT Medical Products Company [Branchburg, NJ]; these product isolates are also genetically related to the *P. fungorum* patient isolates. Further investigation by healthcare facilities confirmed that some of these patients had undergone ultrasound-guided percutaneous procedures prior to blood culture collection. The CDC, along with state and local health departments, continues to investigate this issue in collaboration with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

Healthcare providers should use only sterile, single-use ultrasound gel for percutaneous procedures. An ultrasound gel product label's claim of "bacteriostatic" or "preservative" without a specific indication of sterility should be considered non-sterile for clinical purposes.

Please visit <u>https://www.cdc.gov/healthcare-associated-infections/bulletins/outbreak-ultrasound-gel.html</u> for further information about this outbreak, as well as specific considerations for healthcare providers regarding the use of ultrasound gel. Healthcare facilities should report any adverse events or quality problems experienced with the use of ultrasound gel products to the product manufacturer and the <u>FDA's MedWatch Adverse Event Reporting program</u>.

Background

Multiple prior healthcare outbreaks have been reported in association with the use of contaminated, nonsterile ultrasound gel for ultrasound-guided percutaneous procedures. Percutaneous procedures involve the puncture of skin or tissue, including but not limited to the placement of central and peripheral intravenous catheters, amniocentesis, paracentesis, tissue biopsy, and surgical procedures. There have been previous outbreaks of *Burkholderia cepacia* complex related to the use of non-sterile ultrasound gel for ultrasound-guided percutaneous procedures.

The use of non-sterile ultrasound gel for percutaneous procedures can result in patient harm. Microorganisms that may be present in non-sterile ultrasound gel can spread to sterile body sites (like the bloodstream) through procedures involving skin or tissue puncture, which can cause serious infections. Even for microorganisms that do not usually cause infection, they could also contaminate test (culture) specimens during collection, which could lead to unnecessary antimicrobial treatment and diversion of healthcare and laboratory resources. Either of these risks are not limited to scenarios where there is known product contamination, since microorganisms may be present in non-sterile products.

Additional Resources

- <u>CDC Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)</u> related to an outbreak of *Burkholderia stabilis* infections associated with the use of non-sterile ultrasound gel in healthcare facilities.
- Reporting Serious Problems to the FDA using <u>MedWatch</u>.

DPH contact information for reportable diseases and reporting requirements

Reporting **Paraburkholderia fungorum** is consistent with South Carolina Law requiring the reporting of diseases and conditions to your state or local public health department. (State Law # 44-29-10 and Regulation # 61-20) as per the <u>DPH 2025 List of Reportable Conditions</u>.

Federal HIPAA legislation allows disclosure of protected health information, without consent of the individual, to public health authorities to collect and receive such information for the purpose of preventing or controlling disease. (HIPAA 45 CFR §164.512).

Regional Public Health Offices – 2025 Mail or call reports to the Epidemiology Office in each Public Health Region			
MAIL TO:			
Lowcountry	Midlands	Pee Dee	Upstate
3685 Rivers Avenue, Suite 201	2000 Hampton Street	1931 Industrial Park Road	352 Halton Road
N. Charleston, SC 29405	Columbia, SC 29204	Conway, SC 29526	Greenville, SC 29607
Fax: (843) 953-0051	Fax: (803) 251-3170	Fax: (843) 915-6506	Fax: (864) 282-4373
CALL TO:			
Lowcountry Allendale, Bamberg, Beaufort, Berkeley, Calhoun, Charleston, Colleton, Dorchester, Hampton, Jasper, Orangeburg	Midlands Aiken, Barnwell, Chester, Edgefield, Fairfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, Lexington, Newberry, Richland, Saluda, York	Pee Dee Clarendon, Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Florence, Georgetown, Horry, Lee, Marion, Marlboro, Sumter, Williamsburg	Upstate Abbeville, Anderson, Cherokee, Greenville, Greenwood, Laurens, McCormick, Oconee, Pickens, Spartanburg, Union
Office: (843) 441-1091 Nights/Weekends: (843) 441-1091	Office: (888) 801-1046 Nights/Weekends: (888) 801-1046	Office: (843) 915-8886 Nights/Weekends: (843) 409-0695	Office: (864) 372-3133 Nights/Weekends: (864) 423-6648
For information on reportable conditions, see <u>dph.sc.gov/professionals/health-professionals/sc-list-reportable-</u> <u>conditions</u>		DPH Bureau of Communicable Disease Prevention & Control Communicable Disease Epidemiology Section 2100 Bull St · Columbia, SC 29201 Phone: (803) 898-0861 · Fax: (803) 898-0897 Nights / Weekends: 1-888-847-0902	

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